#### Setting up your virtual infrastructure using FIWARE Lab Cloud

Fernando López
Telefónica I+D
Cloud Architects, FIWARE
fernando.lopezaguilar@telefonica.com, @flopezaguilar



**OPEN APIS FOR OPEN MINDS** 







(Slides: http://tinyurl.com/fiwarelab-cloud)

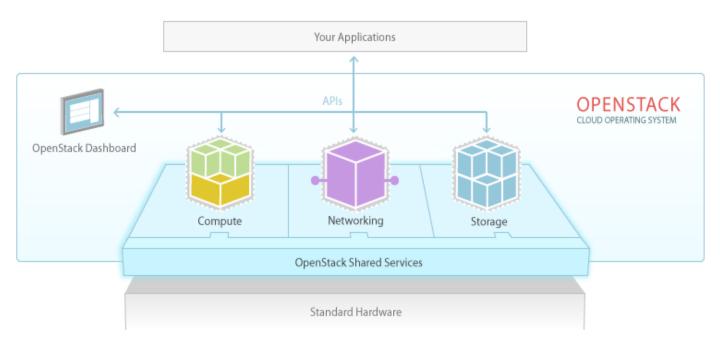
#### Content

- Introduction to FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting
- Deploying your first VM
- Working with networks
- Creating Containers and adding objects
- Deploying components for your application
- Reference Information





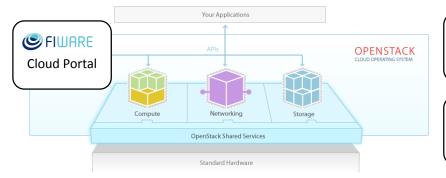
## FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting







## FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting









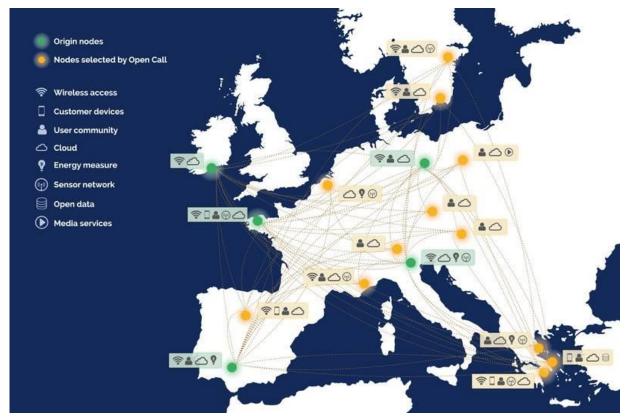








## FIWARE Lab Cloud - Multiregion









### Summary

- Account
  - Managing your identity and organizations
- Compute
  - Creating VMs and accessing them
- Monitoring
  - Getting monitoring information from your VMs
- SDC
  - Deploying Software in your VMs
- Storage
  - Creating and attaching volumes
  - Uploading objects to containers
- PaaS Manager
  - Working with regions
  - Creating Tiers and deploying Blueprints
- Network
  - Working with Nets and Subnets





#### Account

- Creating an account
  - https://account.lab.fi-ware.org
- Understanding organizations
  - Mapped to OS tenants
- Signing in in Cloud Portal
  - https://cloud.lab.fi-ware.org
  - SSO





# Basic functionalities





### FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting: basic functionalities

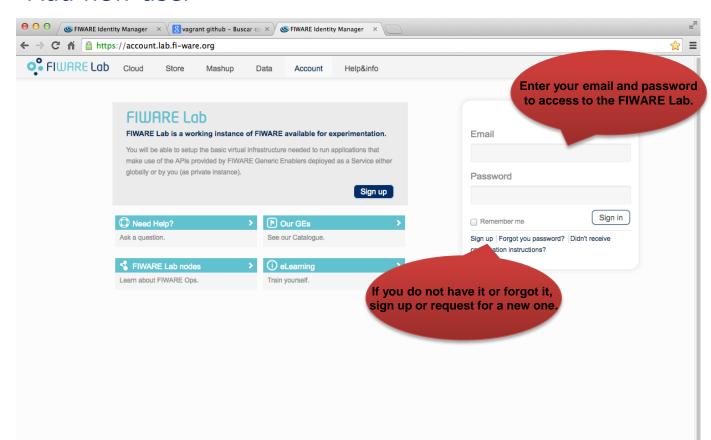
- Create your account in lab.fiware.org
- Enter in the Cloud Portal
- Create your keypair (private key)
- Deploy your instance
- Add a public IP
- Open ports to the VM





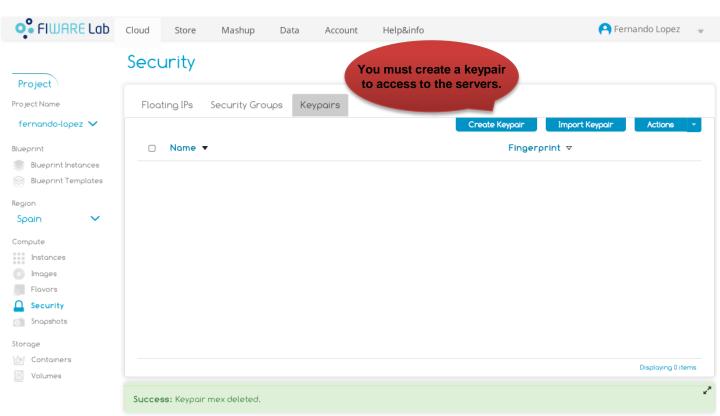
#### Add new user

FIWARE



10 FIWARE Lab 🛂 FIWARE Ops

#### Create keypair

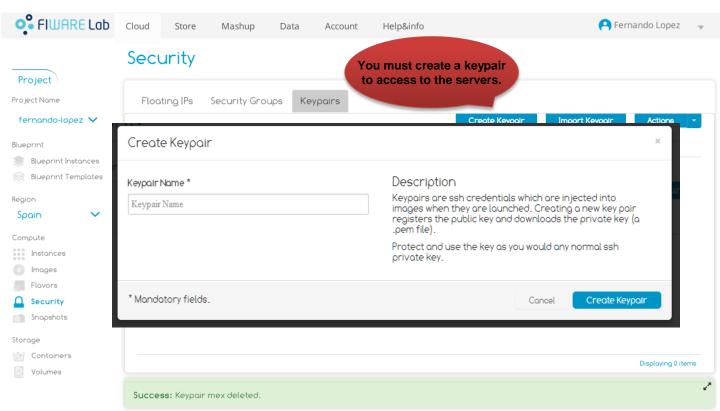








#### Create keypair







#### How to connect from Windows (I)

- Install PuTTY and PuTTYgen from http://www.putty.org/
- Convert your Keypair to PPK
  - Start PuTTYgen (e.g. From the Start menu, click All Programs > PuTTY > PuTTYgen)
  - Click Load and select the Keypair file (e.g. my\_cert.pem). You'll need to display All Files (\*.\*) to see your Keypair.



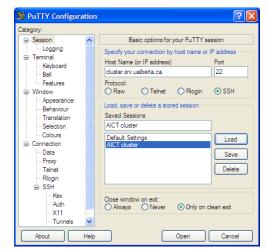
Click Open. And select the destination path and name of your PPK file.

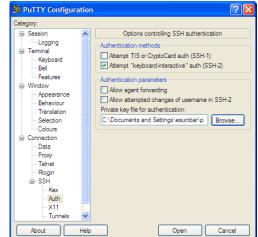




### How to connect from Windows (II)

- Connect to your instance
  - Start PuTTY.
  - Put the public IP of your instance (default SSH port is 22).
- Configure it to use your Keypair
  - Open the Auth submenu (Connection) > SSH > Auth)
  - Select the recently generated Private key file (PPK file).











### How to obtain your public key from pem file

- Secure to have the proper permissions: \$ chmod 600 private.pem
- Create the public key:
   \$ ssh-keygen -y -f private.pem >> publickey.pub
- Add the public key to your system
   \$ cat publickey.pub >> ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub



### How to import your public key into OpenStack



- Just go to the .ssh directory and execute \$cat ~/.ssh/id rsa.pub
- Copy and Paste the content in the Public Key textarea.
- Assign a keypair name
- Press Import Keypair.

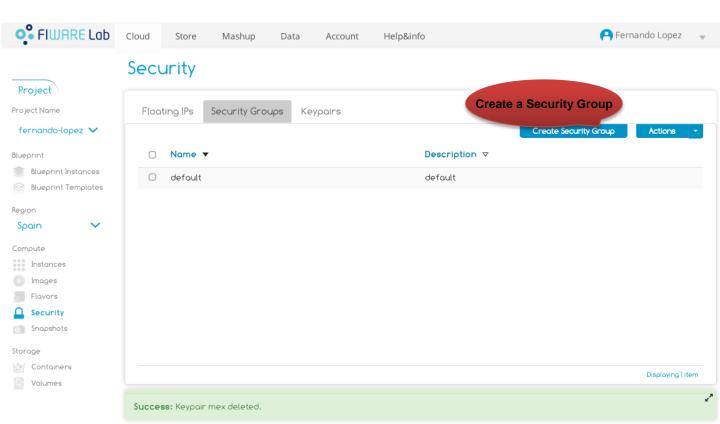
Cancel

Import Keypair





### Security groups

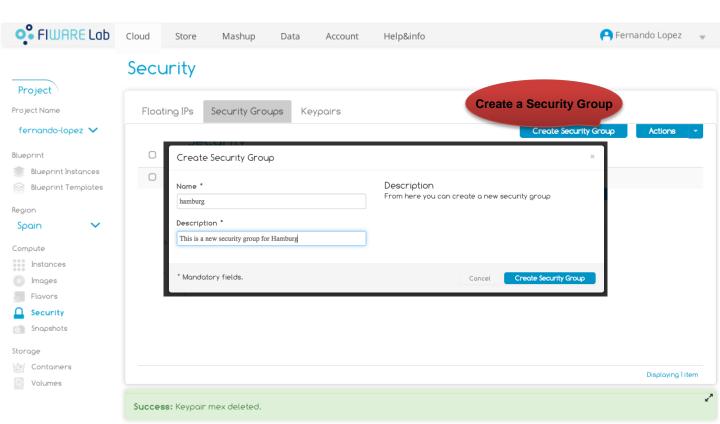








### Security groups

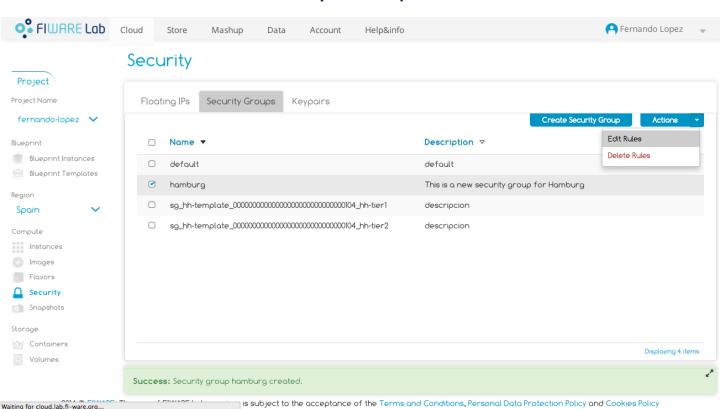








### Create and edit Security Group rules

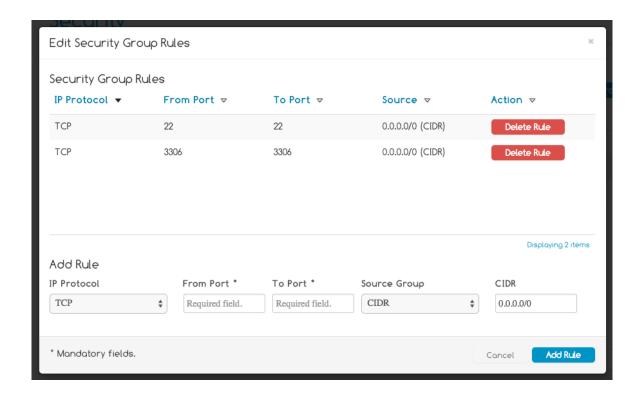








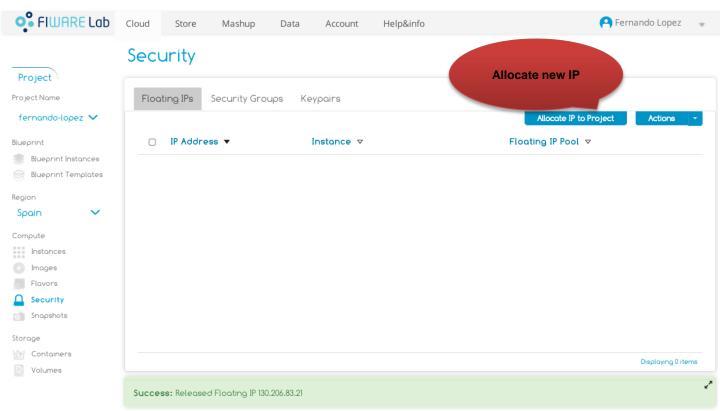
## Create and edit Security Group rules







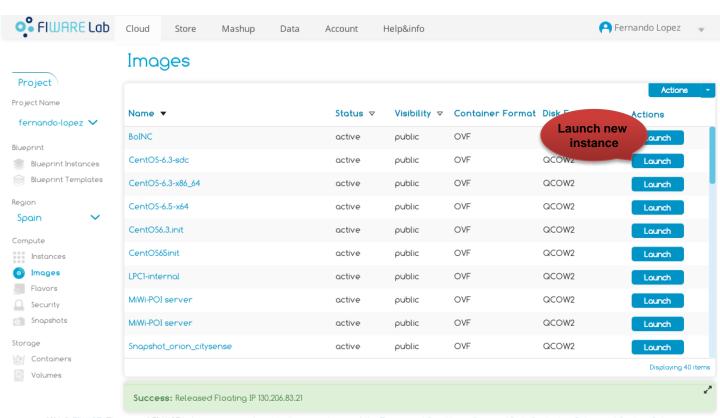
### Allocate IP to a project







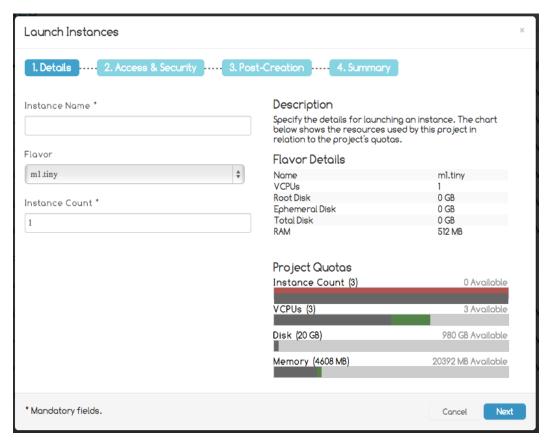








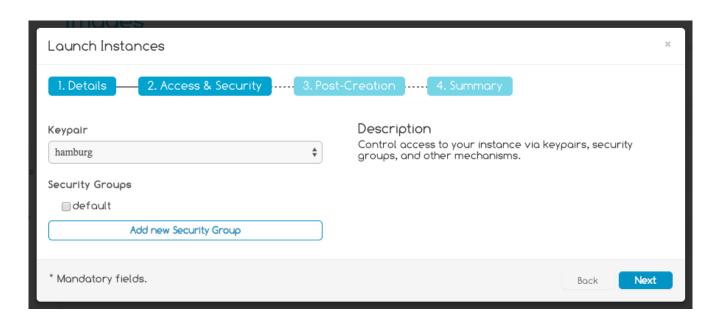






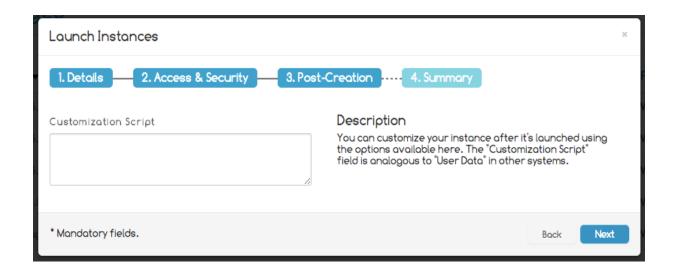








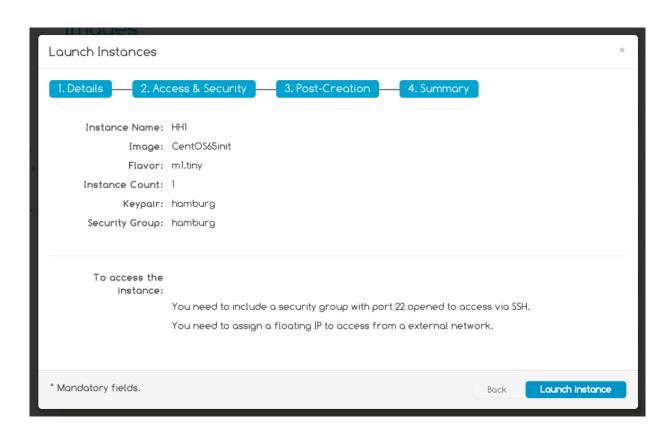










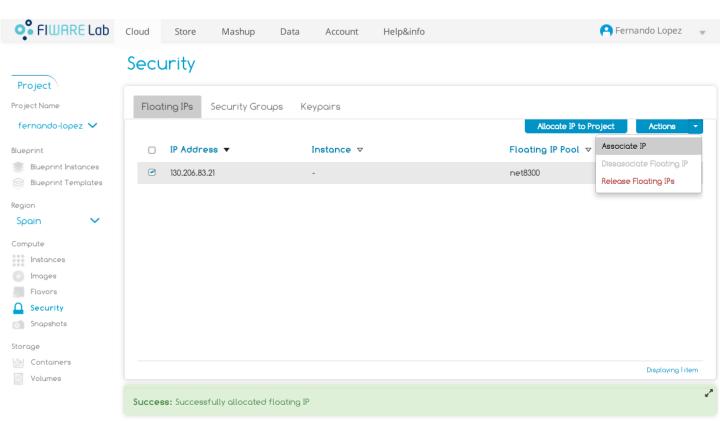








#### Associate IP

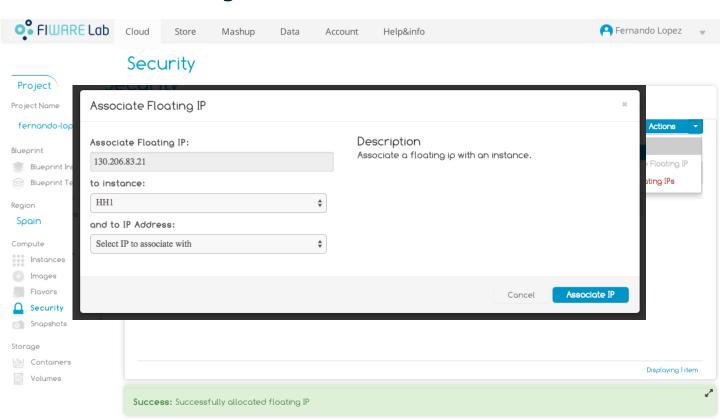








#### Allocate Floating IP

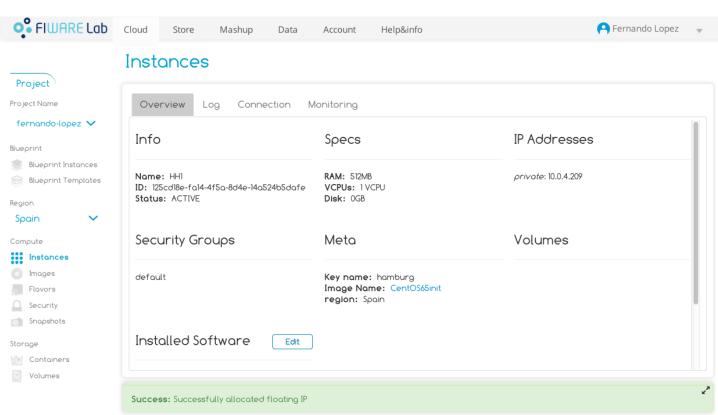








#### Instances Overview









#### Access to the instance

```
    fla — root@hh1:~ — ssh — 80×24

fla@flamac:~$ ssh -i hamburg.pem root@130.206.85.122
Last login: Fri Aug 22 13:06:41 2014 from 10.0.0.1
-bash: warning: setlocale: LC_CTYPE: cannot change locale (UTF-8): No such file
[root@hh1 ~]#
```





# **Network functionalities**





#### FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting: networks functionalities

- Create your own network
- Create your subnet associate to the previous network
- Create a router
- Set gateway
- Assign subnet
- Deploy your instance
- Assign public IP to your instance
- Check the new instance.



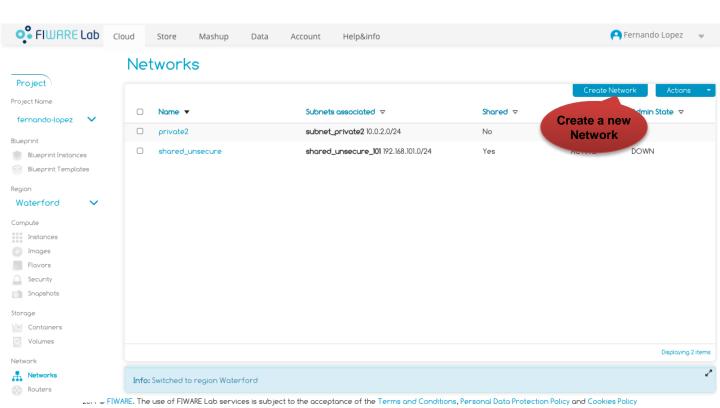


#### FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting: working with networks

- Multi-tenancy
  - High or Low?
- Do I need to isolate tenants?
  - Even if you trust them, you might want isolation.
  - Tenant creates his own network(s) and router(s) allowing complex network topologies for multi-tier applications.



### Create your own network









### Create your own network

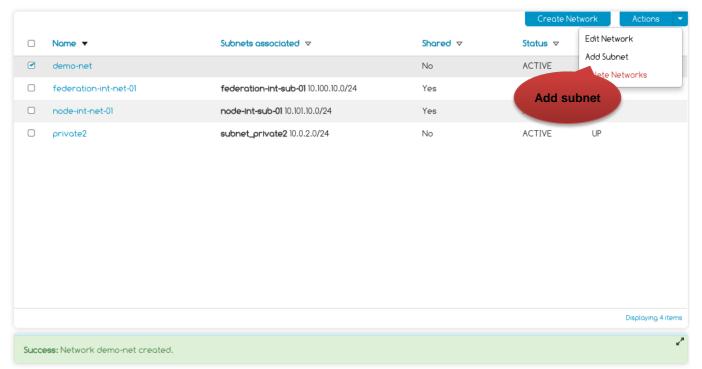






### Add subnet associate to the previous network

#### **Networks**

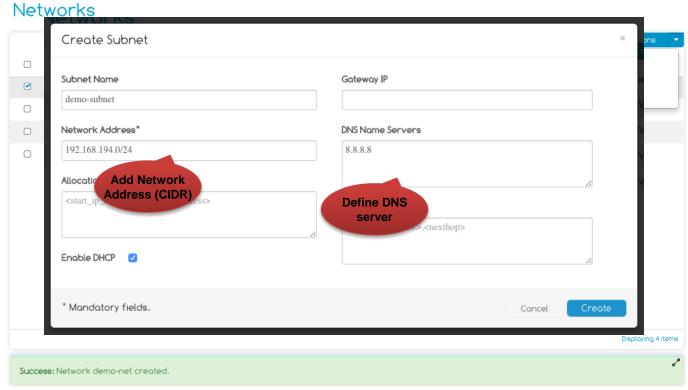








# Add subnet associate to the previous network



NARE. The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy



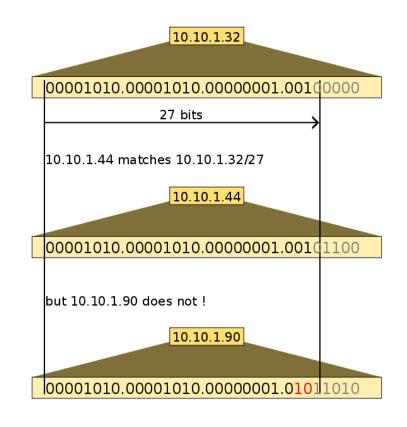




### CIDR notation

### 10.10.1.32/27 represents:

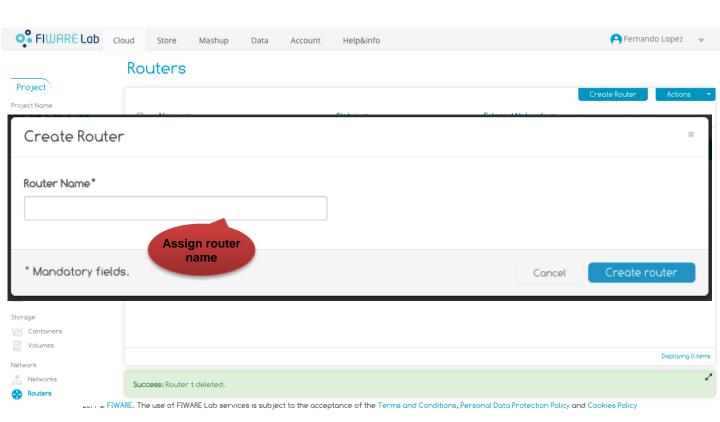
- The given IPv4 address and its associated routing prefix 10.10.1.32, or equivalently.
- Its subnet mask 255.255.255.224, which has 27 leading 1-bits.







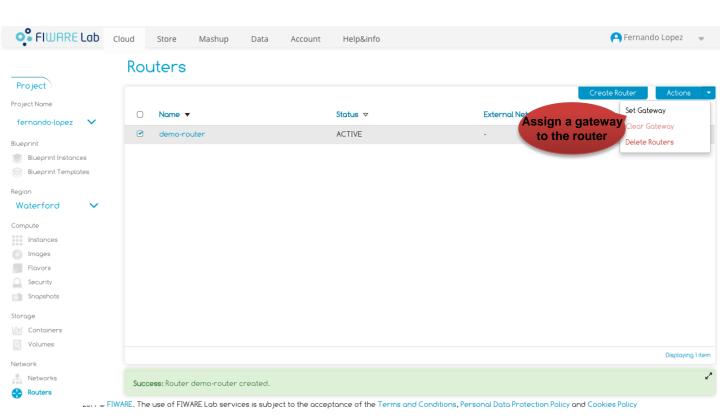
### Create a router







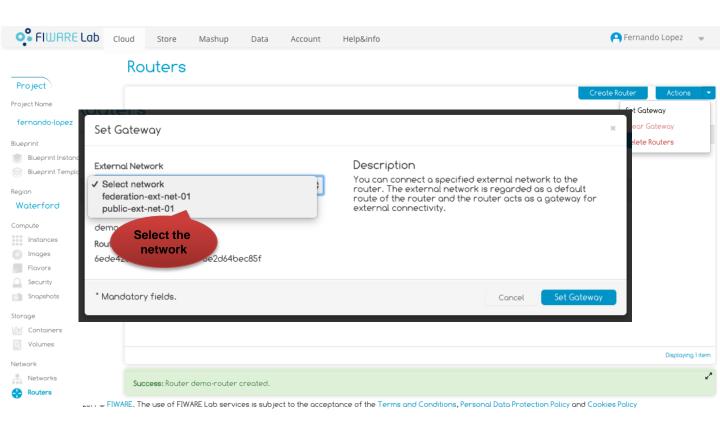
### Set gateway







### Set gateway

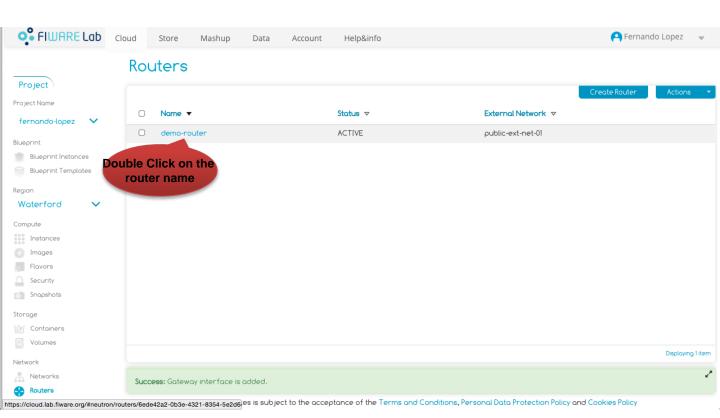








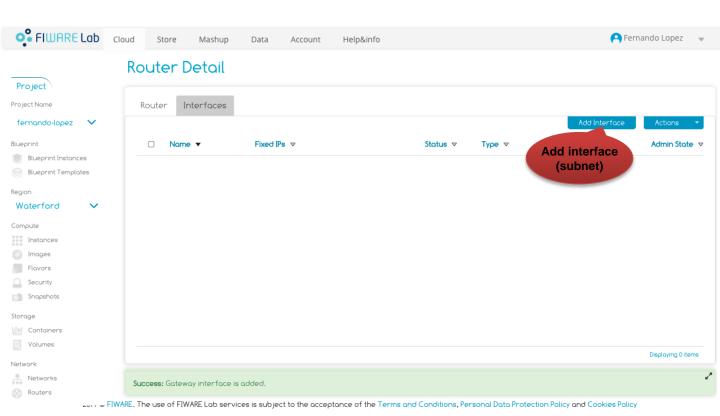
# Assign subnet







# Assign subnet

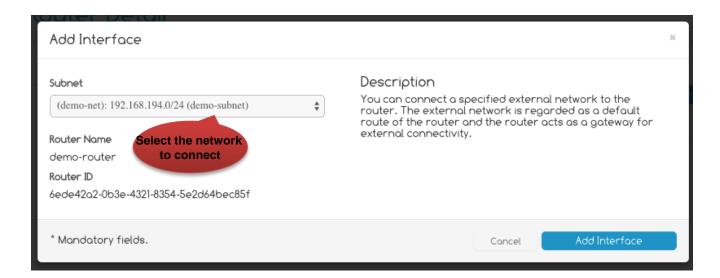








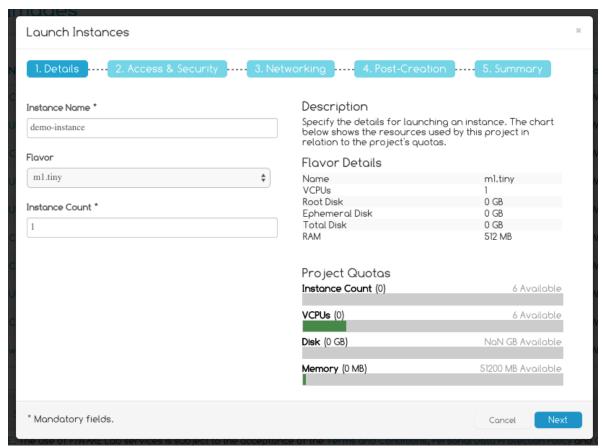
# Assign subnet







### Deploy a new instance: Details

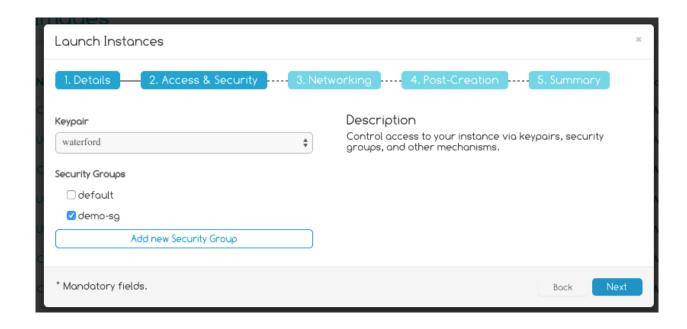








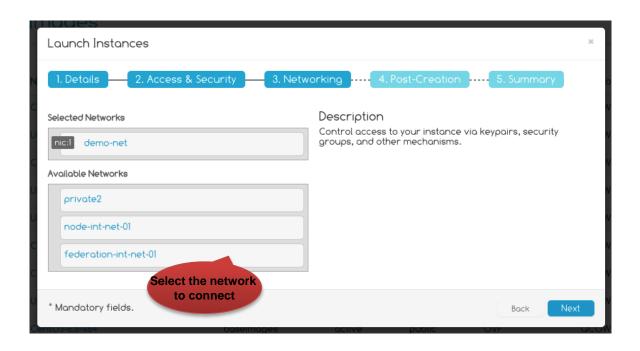
# Deploy a new instance: Access & Security







# Deploy a new instance: Networking

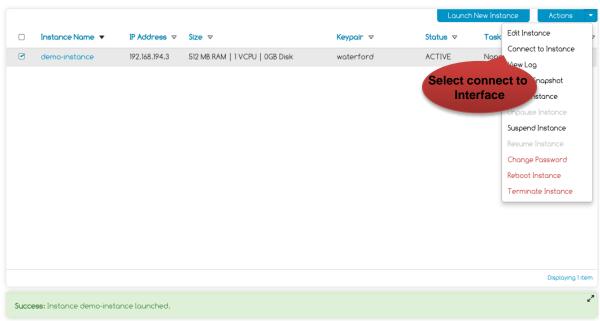






# Deploy a new instance: connect to VM display

#### Instances



VARE. The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy







# Deploy a new instance: connect to VM display

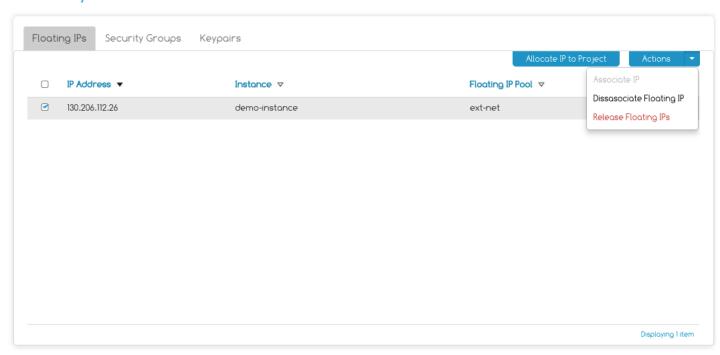
```
VNC Display
cloud.lab.fiware.org/vnc_display
                                Connected (unencrypted) to: QEMU (instance-0000048e)
                                                                                                              Send CtrlAltDel
   Ubuntu 12.04.2 LTS demo-instance.novalocal tty1
   demo-instance login: _
```





# Assign public IP to your instance

### Security







### Check the new instance

```
Downloads — ssh — 80×24
fla@flamac:~/Downloads$ ssh -i fla.pem root@130.206.112.26
$ ifconfig eth0
eth0
         Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr FA:16:3E:AC:C5:B5
          inet addr:192.168.194.3 Bcast:192.168.194.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::f816:3eff:feac:c5b5/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1400 Metric:1
          RX packets:26089 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:29832 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:2814601 (2.6 MiB) TX bytes:4032556 (3.8 MiB)
|$∏
```





# Storage functionalities



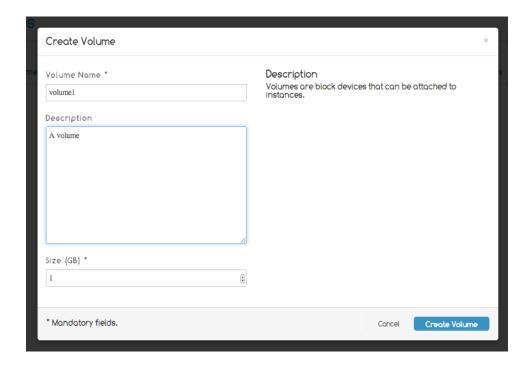


### FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting: storage functionalities

- Create volumes
- Attach volume to servers
- Configure the instance to detect the new volume
- Create containers in the object storage
- Upload objects into your containers
- Object Storage API



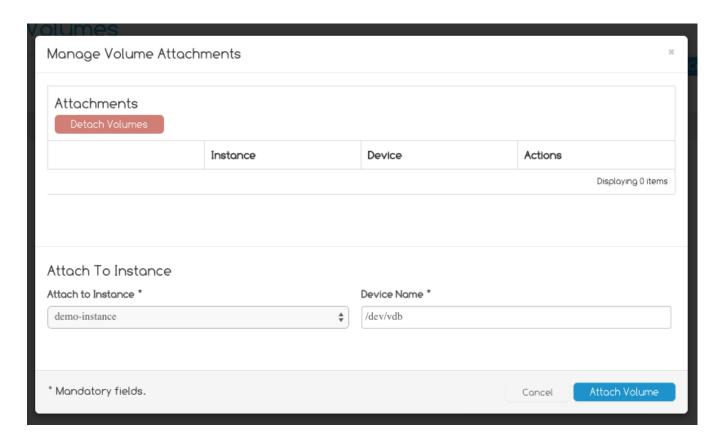
### Create a volume







### Attach a volume to an instance



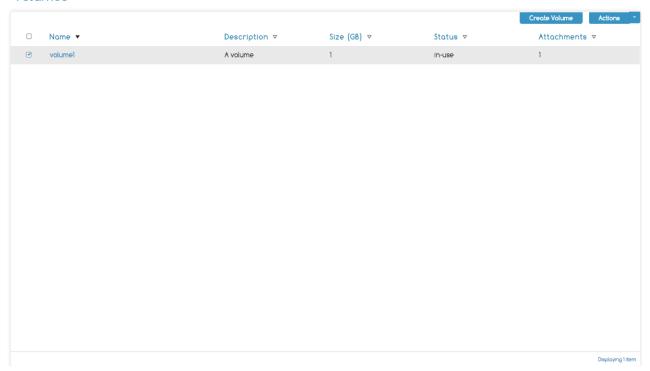






# Volume attached

#### Volumes







### See the new volume with fdisk

```
$ sudo fdisk -1
Disk /dev/vda: 21.5 GB, 21474836480 bytes
255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 2610 cylinders, total 41943040 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 butes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk identifier: 0x00000000
   Device Boot
                    Start
                                  End
                                           Blocks
                                                    Id Sustem
                                         20956792+ 83 Linux
/dev/vda1
                    16065
                             41929649
Disk /dev/vdb: 64.4 GB, 64424509440 bytes
16 heads, 63 sectors/track, 124830 cylinders, total 125829120 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk identifier: 0x00000000
Disk /dev/vdb doesn't contain a valid partition table
```





# Create a partition table on our new volume.

### Execute sudo fdisk /dev/vdb

```
Building a new DOS disklabel with disk identifier 0x512b2382.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
After that, of course, the previous content won't be recoverable.
Warning: invalid flag 0x0000 of partition table 4 will be corrected by w(rite)
Command (m for help): n
Partition tupe:
      primary (0 primary, 0 extended, 4 free)
      extended
Select (default p): p
Partition number (1-4, default 1):
Using default value 1
First sector (2048-125829119, default 2048):
Using default value 2048
Last sector, +sectors or +size{K,M,G} (2048-125829119, default 125829119):
Using default value 125829119
Command (m for help): w
The partition table has been altered!
Calling ioctl() to re-read partition table.
Syncing disks.
```





### Create a ext3 file system

```
Syncing disks.
$ sudo mkfs -t ext3 /dev/vdb1
mke2fs 1.42.2 (27-Mar-2012)
Filesystem label=
OS type: Linux
Block size=4096 (log=2)
Fragment size=4096 (log=2)
Stride=0 blocks, Stripe width=0 blocks
3932160 inodes, 15728384 blocks
786419 blocks (5.00%) reserved for the super user
First data block=0
Maximum filesustem blocks=4294967296
480 block groups
32768 blocks per group, 32768 fragments per group
8192 inodes per group
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
       32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208,
        4096000, 7962624, 11239424
Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Creating journal (32768 blocks): done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
```





### Mounting our new volume.

Now, we have to create a mount point called /data and mount /dev/vdb1.

```
$ sudo mkdir /data
```

- \$ sudo mount /dev/vdb1 /data
- At this point, the volume's storage is accessible to Linux.
- We'll also modify /etc/fstab to insure that our instance remounts the volume on restarts.

```
# /etc/fstab: static file system information.
                                                          <dump> <pass>
                                <type> <options>
                               rw, noauto
                               defaults
```







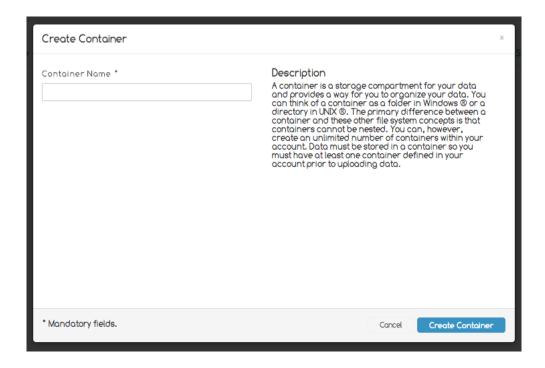
### Check the created volume

```
# <file system> <mount pt>
                               <tupe> <options>
                                                         <dump> <pass>
/dev/root /
                              rw, noauto
                     auto
                                                         0 1
                                                         0 0
proc
           /proc
                     proc
                              defaults
devpts
           /dev/pts devpts
                              defaults,gid=5,mode=620
                                                         0 0
                                                         0 0
tmpfs
           /dev/shm
                     tmpfs
                              mode=0777
                              defaults
                                                         0 0
sysfs
           /sys
                     sysfs
                              rw, nosuid, relatime, size=200k, mode=755 0 0
tmpfs
                     tmpfs
           /run
/dev/vdb1 /data
                     ext3
                              defaults
                                                         0 0
$ cd /data
```





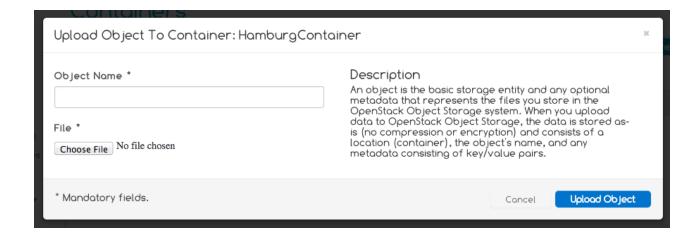
### Object Storage: Create a container







### Upload an object into the container









# Object Storage API

- http://forge.fiware.org/plugins/mediawiki/wiki/fiware/index.php/Object Stora ge - User and Programmers Guide
- Authentication to get initial token

```
username='email@company.com' password='mypassword' curl -d '{"auth":
{"passwordCredentials": {"username":"'$username\", "password\"\}\}\\ -H
'Content-type: aplication/json' \ http://cloud.lab.fi-ware.org:4730/v2.0/tokens \ -vvv
```

Use initial token to get tenant

```
curl -H 'x-auth-token: '$token http://cloud.lab.fi-ware.org:4730/v2.0/tenants
```

Authenticate tenant to get token for Object Storage

```
curl -d '{"auth": {"passwordCredentials": {"username":"'$username"",
"password":"'$password""}, "tenantId":"'$tenantId""}}' \ -H 'Content-type:
aplication/json' http://cloud.lab.fi-ware.org:4730/v2.0/tokens
```

**Object Storage URL** 







# Blueprint functionalities





### FIWARE Lab Cloud Hosting

- Deploying components for your application.
- Create blueprint templates.
- Create Tiers on a blueprint template.
- Launch blueprint templates -> create blueprint instances
- See details of the blueprint instance
- Check the SW installed on the blueprint instance.



### Real scenario

- Users want to define lots of parameters.
  - Password, ports, default installation.
- Users want to install several things in the same server.
  - Tomcat + git, tomcat + java + git, ...
- Users need to deploy complex environment.
  - One server for Tomcat, another for MySQL, ...
- Some parameters are unknown before instantiate the system.





# Deploying components for your application

- Deploying applications and not only Servers.
  - Ad hoc installation (not template usage).
- Managing applications in Servers (install, uninstall, configure, snapshot...).
- Deploying different environments for that applications.







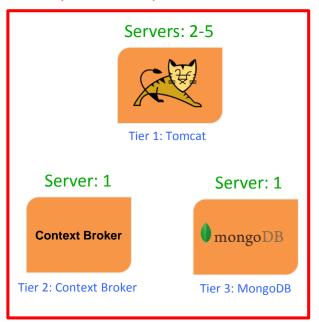




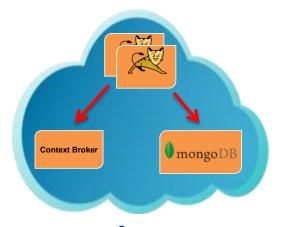


### Deploy example

### Blueprint template: fiware1



- Blueprint Template: platform specification to be deployed.
- Tier: Each kind of software and server to be deployed.
- Each Tier can be deployed in one or several servers (e.g. tomcat, 2-5 servers).
- Blueprint Instance: Deployed in the testbed.

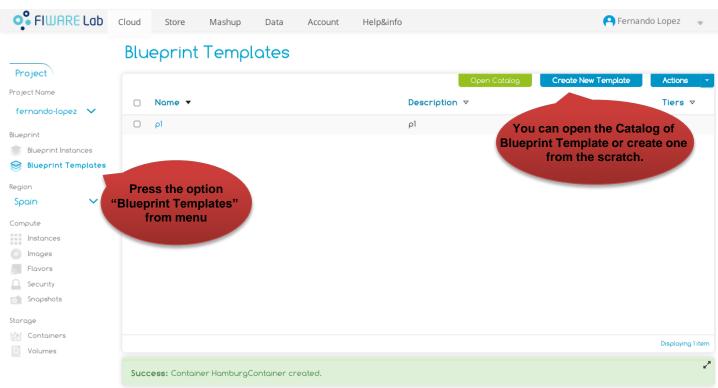








# Create a new blueprint template



2014 © FIWARE. The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy







# Create a new blueprint template

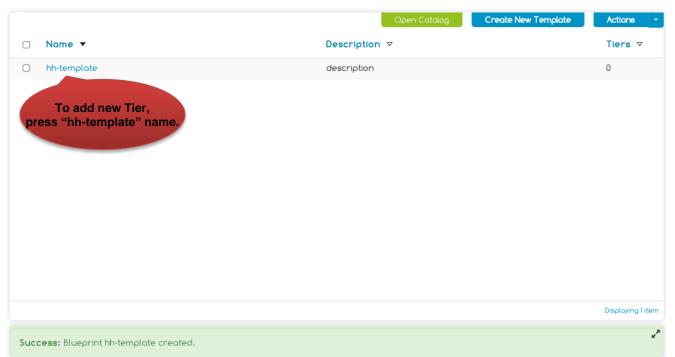






### Add tiers

### Blueprint Templates



The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy

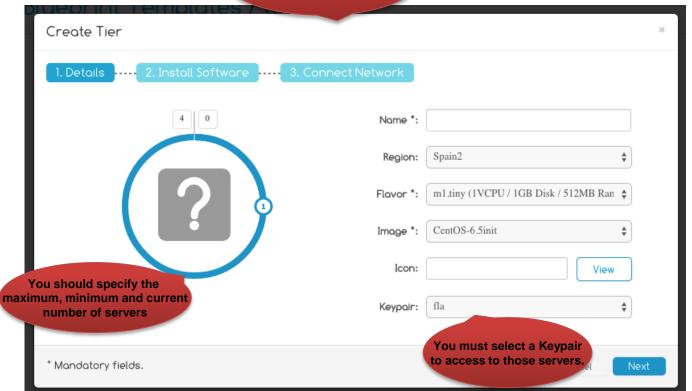






## Add tiers

After press "Add Tier" you see this windows to define the servers of this tier.

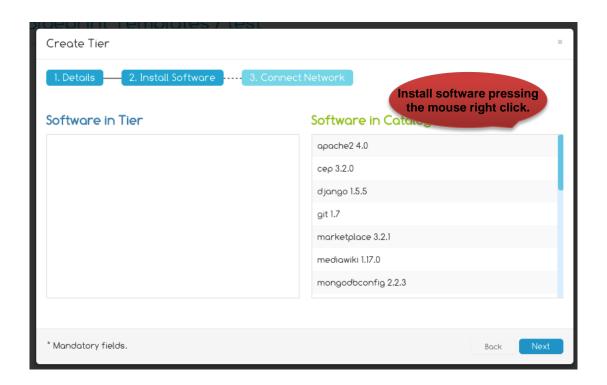








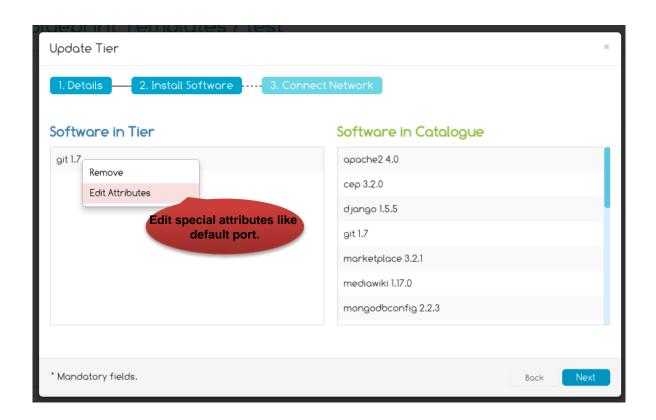
## Add software in tier







#### Add software in tier

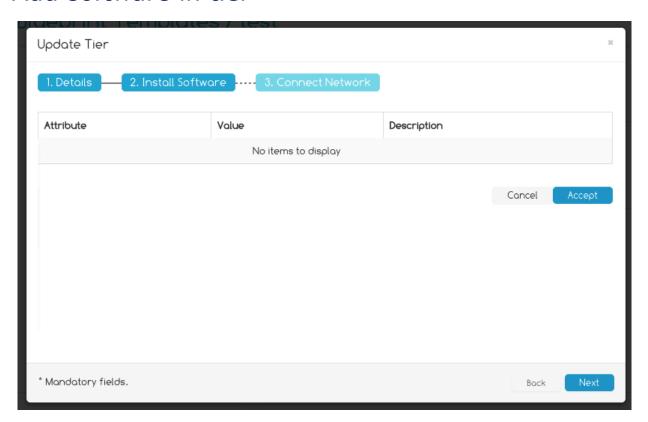








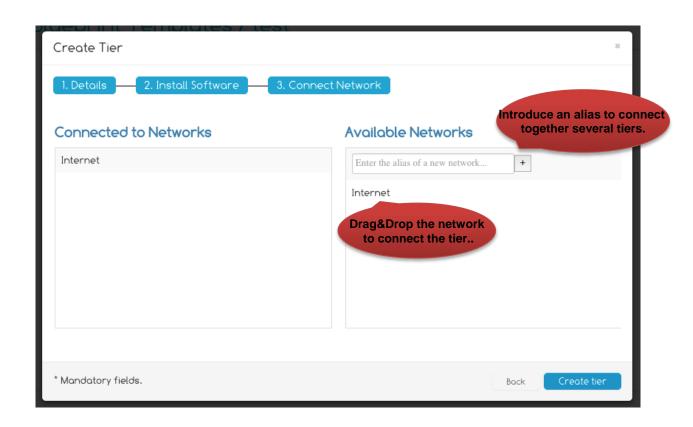
## Add software in tier







#### Connect network

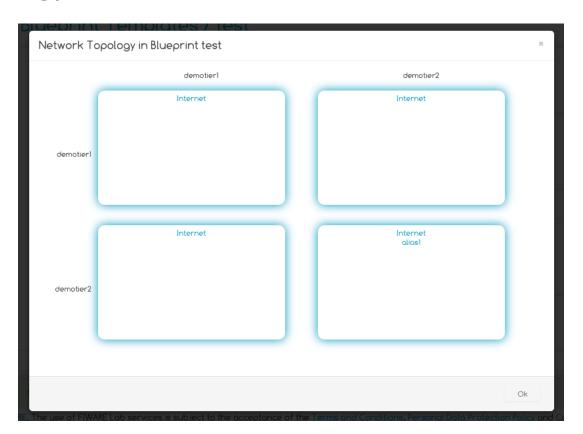








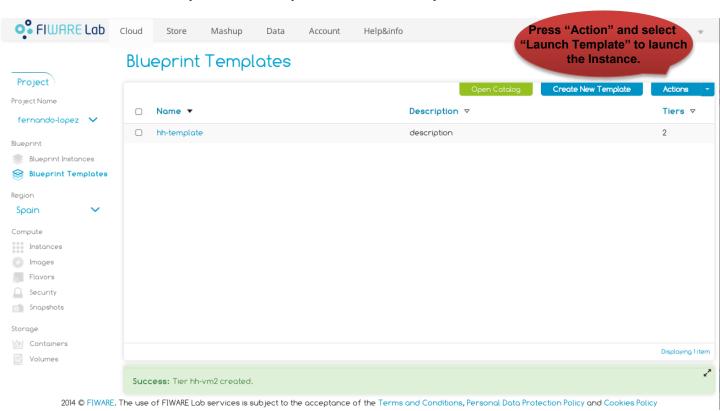
# Topology







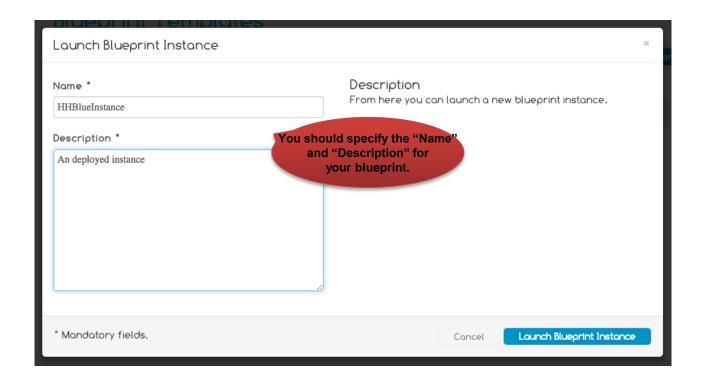
# Launch a Blueprint Template -> Blueprint Instance





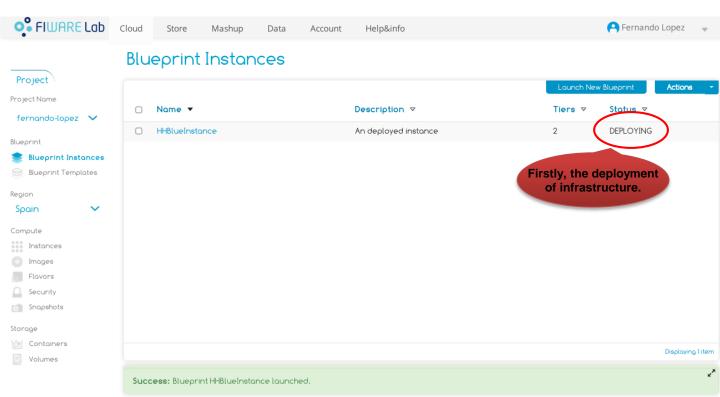


# Launch a Blueprint Template -> Blueprint Instance







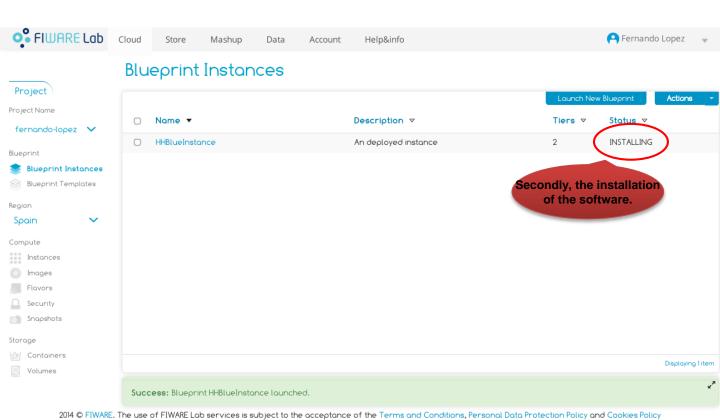


2014 © FIWARE. The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy



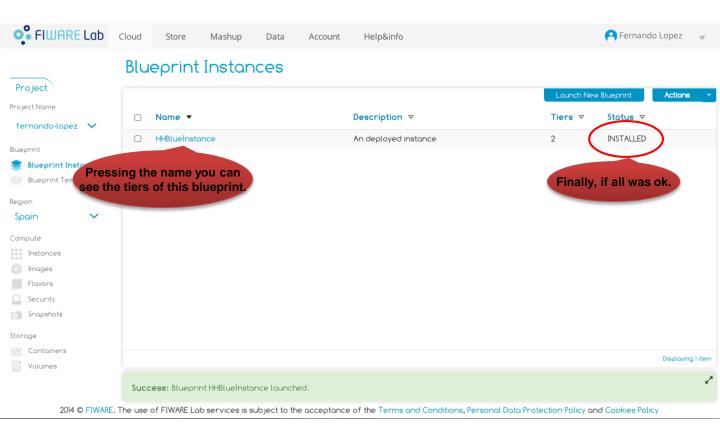






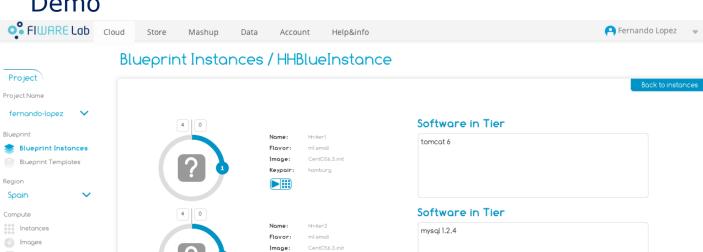












Press it to get information

of your server.

Keypair:

2014 © FIWARE. The use of FIWARE Lab services is subject to the acceptance of the Terms and Conditions, Personal Data Protection Policy and Cookies Policy



Security

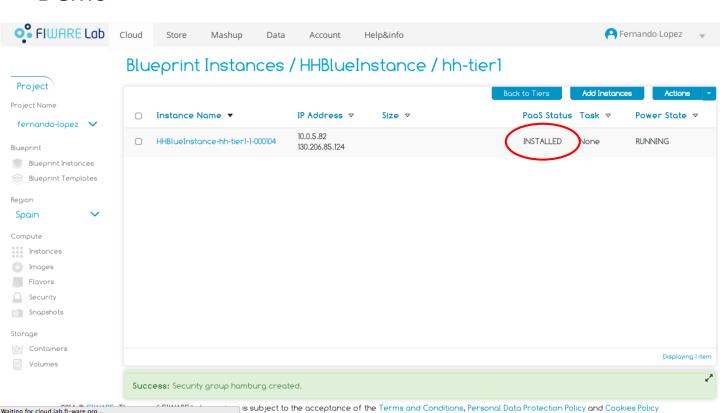
Snapshots

Storage Containers Volumes





Displaying 2 items







S FIWARE Cloud Portal



**Apache Tomcat** 



#### Administration

Status Tomcat Manager

#### Documentation

Release Notes Change Log **Tomcat Documentation** 

#### Tomcat Online

Home Page FAQ **Bug Database** Users Mailing List **Developers Mailing List** IRC

#### Miscellaneous

Servlets Examples JSP Examples Specifications

#### If you're seeing this page via a web browser, it means you've setup Tomcat successfully, Congratulations!

As you may have guessed by now, this is the default Tomcat home page. It can be found on the local filesystem at:

\$CATALINA HOME/webapps/ROOT/index.html

where "\$CATALINA HOME" is the root of the Tomcat installation directory. If you're seeing this page, and you don't think you should be, then you're either a user who has arrived at new installation of Tomcat, or you're an administrator who hasn't got his/her setup quite right. Providing the latter is the case, please refer to the Tomcat Documentation for more detailed setup and administration information than is found in the INSTALL file.

NOTE: For security reasons, using the manager webapp is restricted to users with certain roles such as "manager-gui". Users are defined in \$CATALINA HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml.

Included with this release are a host of sample Servlets and JSPs (with associated source code), extensive documentation, and an introductory guide to developing web applications.

Tomcat mailing lists are available at the Tomcat project web site:

- . tomcat-users for general questions related to configuring and using Tomcat
- · tomcat-dev for developers working on Tomcat

Thanks for using Tomcat!

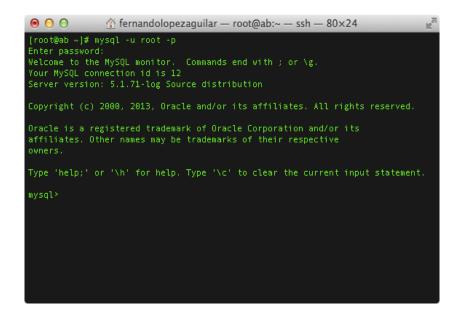
Apache Tomcat

Copyright © 1999-2014 Apache Software Foundation All Rights Reserved













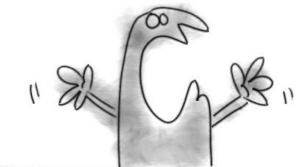
#### **Documentation**

- FIWARE Cloud Portal:
  - Documentation: http://catalogue.fi-ware.org/enablers/selfservice-interfaces-cloud-portal-upm
- FIWARE Cloud Infrastructure
  - Account: http://catalogue.fi-ware.org/enablers/identitymanagement-keyrock
  - SDC: http://catalogue.fi-ware.org/enablers/software-deployment-configuration-sagitta
  - PaaS Manager: http://catalogue.fi-ware.org/enablers/paasmanager-pegasus
- FIWARE eLearning Platform
  - http://edu.fi-ware.org/





# Now What ?!!



If you have any question or problem contact to

fiware-lab-help@lists.fi-ware.org

You can go to stackoverflow and ask question with the tag <u>fiware</u> and/or filab.







@ Web Buttons Inc - Fotolia.com







# Thanks!



**OPEN APIS FOR OPEN MINDS** 





www.fiware.org @Fiware >

(Slides: http://tinyurl.com/fiwarelab-cloud)